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SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6433

State of Washington 59th Legislature 2006 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Kastama, Jacobsen, Poulsen, Pridemore, Rockefeller, Shin, Haugen, Rasmussen, Keiser, Regala, Thibaudeau, Franklin, McAuliffe and Kohl-Welles)

READ FIRST TIME 02/7/06.

- AN ACT Relating to establishing the emergency management, preparedness, and assistance account; amending RCW 48.18.170 and 48.18.180; adding new sections to chapter 38.52 RCW; creating new sections; and providing an effective date.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that recent events, 7 including the 9/11 terrorist acts, the tsunami in southeast Asia, 8 Hurricanes Katrina and Rita in the gulf coast, outbreaks of avian flu, 9 and the earthquake in Pakistan, have demonstrated the need for a 10 coordinated, comprehensive all-hazards disaster plan citizens, industry, local governments, and the state. Washington 11 state's topography, geography, location, and strategic and economic 12 interests place the state at particular risk from both natural 13 14 disasters and man-made disasters. In response, Washington state and 15 its local governments have implemented nationally recognized allhazards emergency management and disaster response plans. 16 recent studies have revealed the lack of a secure funding source for 17 resolving impediments to the ability of state and local programs to 18 19 integrate and coordinate comprehensive disaster preparedness. In

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addition, local programs suffer disparities in funding and expertise, leaving troublesome gaps in a well-coordinated statewide all-hazards emergency management system.

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Recognizing that all disasters are local disasters, the legislature therefore intends to strengthen state and local emergency response, mitigation, preparation, and coordination by establishing a stable source of funding with the intent that Washington state become the nationally recognized leader in emergency management. The funding will be dedicated to the development and coordination of state and local government emergency management programs by supporting joint training exercises, citizen and industry coordination with emergency management efforts, public education, and relationship building among local and state emergency management officials.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The emergency management, preparedness, and assistance account is created in the state treasury. All receipts from the surcharge authorized by section 3 of this act must be deposited into the account. Moneys in the account may be spent only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used only as provided in section 4 of this act.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** In order to provide funds for emergency management, preparedness, and assistance, an annual surcharge of two dollars per policy must be imposed on every homeowner's, mobile homeowner's, tenant homeowner's, and condominium unit owner's insurance policy, and an annual four-dollar surcharge shall be imposed on every commercial fire, commercial multiple peril, and business owner's property insurance policy, issued or renewed on or after the effective date of this section. The surcharge must be paid by the policyholder to the insurer. The insurer must collect the surcharge and remit it to the department of revenue, which will collect, administer, audit, and enforce the surcharge under chapter 82.32 RCW. The surcharge is not to be considered premiums of the insurer and is not subject to premium taxes, however, nonpayment of the surcharge by the insured may be a valid reason for cancellation of the policy. The surcharge imposed on policyholders under this section is not subject to retaliatory tax provisions. All proceeds of the surcharge must be deposited in the

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- 1 emergency management, preparedness, and assistance account and may not
- 2 be used to supplant existing local funding.

- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** (1) Funds appropriated from the emergency management, preparedness, and assistance account must be allocated by the department as follows:
- (a) Twenty percent to the military department to be used for administrative expenses and to fund the assessment required by section 5 of this act; and
- (b) Eighty percent for grants to regional agencies, local governments, tribal governments, regional incident management teams, and private organizations to: Develop and coordinate comprehensive emergency management plans and train elected and appointed officials on state laws, ordinances, disaster command and response structures, and the roles and responsibilities of officials before, during, and after a disaster; administer periodic joint emergency management training exercises; and implement projects that will strengthen emergency response, mitigation, preparation, and coordination.
- (2) Projects funded under this section must include, but need not be limited to, projects that will promote neighborhood level public education on disaster preparedness and recovery issues, situate all weather radios in public buildings, enhance coordination of relief efforts of statewide private-sector organizations, and improve the training and operations capabilities of agencies assigned lead or support responsibilities in the state comprehensive emergency management plan.
- (3) Grant funding may also be used as seed money to establish a dedicated, full-time emergency management director in every county that does not have such a director as of the effective date of this section.
- (4) The department must establish criteria and procedures for competitive allocation of these funds by rule. At a minimum, the rules must:
- (a) Establish preferential funding for projects and exercises addressing needs and recommendations identified by the department in the assessment conducted under section 5 of this act;
- (b) Specify a formula that establishes a base grant allocation and weighted factors for funds to be allocated over the base grant amount

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- for regional agencies, local governments, tribal governments, regional 1
- 2 incident management teams, and private organizations with existing
- emergency management and preparedness programs that are located in a 3
- part of the state where the risk of exposure to disasters is deemed by 4
- 5 the department to be particularly acute;
- (c) Specify match requirements; and 6

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- (d) Include requirements that, at a minimum, a local emergency management agency have: A comprehensive emergency management plan or be a member of a joint local organization for emergency management; and a local director who works at least forty hours a week in that capacity, or have designated by ordinance or resolution an emergency
- 12 management coordinator who works at least fifteen hours a week in that 13 capacity.
- 14 (5) No more than five percent of any award made under subsection (1)(b) of this section may be used for administrative expenses.
 - (6) The distribution formula provided in this section may be adjusted proportionally when necessary to meet any matching requirements imposed as a condition of receiving federal disaster relief assistance or planning funds.
- (7) Local governments receiving funds under this section may not 20 21 use the funds to supplant existing funding.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Beginning in January 2008 and biennially 22 23 thereafter, the department must conduct in conjunction with the 24 emergency management council a strategic assessment of, and issue a report on, the ability of state, local, and tribal emergency management 25 26 organizations to effectively provide for all phases of comprehensive 27 emergency management. The assessment must:
- 28 (1) Evaluate state, local, and tribal emergency management 29 capabilities and needs;
 - (2) Evaluate the ability of state, local, and tribal emergency management organizations to provide emergency management mitigation, preparedness, response, and recovery;
 - Evaluate the effectiveness of the emergency management structure at the state, local, and tribal levels;
- (4) Provide findings and make recommendations that increase the 35 36 ability of state, local, and tribal emergency management organizations 37 to meet current and future risks; and

1 (5) Detail where and for what purpose funds under section 4(1)(b) 2 of this act have been distributed.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. The joint legislative audit and review 3 4 committee must study and review the performance of programs implemented under this act. The committee must examine at least the following 5 6 factors: The number and type of joint exercises conducted under 7 section 4 of this act; the number of programs receiving grant money and the status of those programs; the coordination of comprehensive 8 9 emergency management plans between state and local jurisdictions; the 10 number of training programs administered; the number of comprehensive emergency management or safety plans created using funds distributed 11 12 under section 4 of this act; and the number of emergency preparedness officials created and trained with funds distributed under this act. 13 The committee must provide a final report on this review by December 14 15 Funds from the emergency management, preparedness, and 16 assistance account may be provided to the committee for the purposes of 17 conducting the study.

18 **Sec. 7.** RCW 48.18.170 and 1947 c 79 s .18.17 are each amended to 19 read as follows:

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"Premium" as used in this code means all sums charged, received, or deposited as consideration for an insurance contract or the continuance thereof. Premium does not include the annual surcharge imposed under section 3 of this act. Any assessment, or any "membership," "policy," "survey," "inspection," "service" or similar fee or charge made by the insurer in consideration for an insurance contract is deemed part of the premium.

- 27 **Sec. 8.** RCW 48.18.180 and 1994 c 203 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- 29 (1) The premium stated in the policy shall be inclusive of all 30 fees, charges, premiums, or other consideration charged for the 31 insurance or for the procurement thereof.
 - (2) No insurer or its officer, employee, agent, solicitor, or other representative shall charge or receive any fee, compensation, or consideration for insurance which is not included in the premium specified in the policy.

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- 1 (3) Each violation of this section is a gross misdemeanor.
- 2 (4) This section does not apply to a fee paid to a broker by an insured as provided in RCW 48.17.270.
- 4 <u>(5) This section does not apply to the surcharge imposed under</u> 5 <u>section 3 of this act.</u>
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** Sections 2 through 5 of this act are each 7 added to chapter 38.52 RCW.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** Sections 4 through 6 of this act take 9 effect January 1, 2007.

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